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## **Australian History and Society: An Introduction 1788–2000**

Section 1: 1788-1850

Fakultät für Kultur- und Sozialwissenschaften





## Contents

Conten	ts		III	
Figures			V	
Preface			6	
Reading	j		8	
Sugg	8			
Gene	eral H	listories	8	
Using the Documents				
Maps o	f Aus	tralia	10	
1 Pa	rt Or	ne	11	
1.1	Wh	ny Botany Bay?	11	
1.	1.1	European exploration and settlement	19	
1.	1.2	Van Diemen's Land	20	
1.	1.3	Western Australia	21	
1.	1.4	South Australia	22	
1.	1.5	Victoria	26	
1.2	Sug	ggested Further Reading	27	
1.2	2.1	British History	27	
1.2	2.2	The Botany Bay Debate	27	
1.3	Rev	riew Questions	28	
1.4	Ері	logue	28	
2 Pa	Part Two30			
2.1	Rac	re Relations in Colonial New South Wales	30	
2.2	Sug	ggested Further Reading	44	
2.3	Rev	riew Questions	45	
2.4	Ері	logue	45	
3 Pa	Part Three		47	
3.1	Soc	ial Class in Early-Colonial New South Wales	47	
3.2	Prir	mary Sources	64	
3.3	Sug	ggested Further Readings	64	
3.3	3.1	Convictism in an imperial context	64	
3.3	3.2	Class	64	
3.3	3.3	Gender Relations	65	
3.4	Rev	view Questions	66	

IV Contents

	3.5	Epilogue	66
4	Part	Four	68
	4.1	The End of Transportation and the Beginning of Self-Government	68
	4.2	Suggested Further Readings	78
	4.3	Review Questions	79
	4.4	Epilogue	79
5	Bibl	iography	81

## **Figures**

Figure 1: The comparative sizes of Australia and Europe	10
Figure 2: The subdivision of Australia into colonies and states, 1787-1908. Source	: The Lady
Northcote Atlas of Australasia, Sydney: HEC Robinson, 1908	10
Figure 3: 'Botany Bay, Sirius and Convoy going in: Supply & Agents Division in the Ba	y, 21 Jan.ry
1788' opposite p. 56 in William Bradley's Journal, A Voyage to New South Wales, S	tate Library
of New South Wales, Safe 1/14	17
Figure 4: The Founding of Australia by Captain Arthur Phillip, Sydney Cove, 26 Jan	uary 1788,
Algemon Talmadge RA, 1937, State Library of New South Wales	18
Figure 5: Port Jackson painter, 'A Native of New South Wales ornamented after the	manner of
the Country', 1788-97, Watling Collection, Watling drawing no. 61, Natural Histor	y Museum,
London	31
Figure 6: Artist 'Port Jackson painter', 'Mr White, Harris and Laing with a party of solo	liers visiting
Botany Bay, Cole-bee at that place when wounded near Botany Bay', c.1790, W	/atercolour,
Watling Collection, Natural History Museum, London. Photo: Getty Images	31
Figure 7: Aboriginal language map	32
Figure 8: Lieutenant Governor George Arthur's Proclamation Board, 1829–30. Oil	on wood,
Museum Victoria.	38
Figure 9: Alexander Schramm, 'A Scene in South Australia', oil on canvas, c.1850, Ar	t Gallery of
South Australia, 8212P30.	43
Figure 10: The Costumes of the Australasians: watercolour by Edward Charles Close	, in Close's
sketchbook of NSW views 1817, State Library of New South Wales	52
Figure 11: 'Bushman's Hut', The Australian Sketchbook, ST Gill, 1865, National I	Museum of
Australia	60
Figure 12: Edward Winstanley, "Ways and means for 1845 or taking it out of the	squatters",
1845, State Library of New South Wales.	62

## **Preface**

This introductory course traces some of the major social, political and economic influences in the development of the Australian nation and society from 1788 to the present. The movement from British convict outpost to self-governing colonies of the British Empire to nationhood will be illustrated with a focus on themes such as: European discovery, invasion and settlement of Australia; the impact of mass immigration; the nature and impact of Australia's rural industries and mineral wealth; urbanisation and national identity; the development of social reform movements; the political and social consequences of Australia's involvement in war; and public and government responses to asylum seekers, Native Title and national apologies.

The course also recognises the re-orientation in Australian historical discourse: where historians previously wrote of 'settlement', many now write of 'occupation' or 'invasion'; rather than drawing on British ancestry, today Australians refer to a myriad of cultural backgrounds. Since the 1970s, approaches to Australian history have attempted to reinterpret the past to feature issues that had hitherto overlooked – the shift in interpretation demanded by groups who were previously marginalised by the Eurocentric and celebratory nature of traditional approaches to Australian history is recognised. For example, the participation of women in Australia's history and the inclusion of Aboriginal historical issues is now standard practice. The rejection of the concept of *Terra Nullius* and acknowledgement of prior ownership of the land by Aboriginal people has forced a fundamental reinterpretation of Australia's past.

Acknowledgement of the contribution of marginalised groups to Australia's historical record – commonly referred to as 'addressing silences' – raises issues about power and powerlessness and demonstrates how categories of analysis such as class, race and gender flow through broader themes of social relations, resistance and reconciliation. This course will examine the relationship between a variety of groups – Indigenous, transported, settler and Australian born – who made up Australian society in the past. Using immigration as an umbrella, this course highlights circumstances that have cut the path towards a multicultural society at different stages of Australia's development. The transformation from a mono-cultural to a *multi-cultural* society can only occur once historical injustices have been acknowledged and there is commitment to lessening the effects of discrimination, misunderstanding and ignorance throughout the Australian community.

Now in the second decade of the new millennium, Australia consolidates over 100 years of nationhood. Learning about Australian history is a process of continual re-examination of the sources as new perspectives emerge. Furthermore, conflicting hypotheses demonstrate that Australian history is alive and subject to considerable and passionate historiographical debate. This course provides only a starting point from which students might be inspired to look elsewhere for more detailed evidence about the issues and events that interest them. We hope you find the course useful and interesting, and that you are encouraged to look elsewhere for more detailed evidence about topics of interest to you.

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